The Common Object Request Broker Architecture (CORBA)



CORBA vs. Java RMI

- RMI is a proprietary facility and supports objects written in the Java programming langugage only
- CORBA is an architecture that was developed by the Object Management Group (OMG), an industrial consortium















CORBA object references

- A CORBA object reference is an abstract entity mapped to a language-specific object reference by an ORB, in a representation chosen by the developer of the ORB
- For interoperability, OMG specifies a protocol for the abstract CORBA object reference object, known as the *Interoperable Object Reference* (*IOR*) protocol

Interoperable Object Reference (IOR)

An IOR is a string that contains encoding for the following information:

- The type of the object
- The host where the object can be found
- The port number of the server for that object
- An object key, a string of bytes identifying the object, used by an object server to locate the object

CORBA Naming Service

- CORBA specifies a generic directory service. The *Naming Service* serves as a directory for CORBA objects
- The Naming Service allows names to be associated with object references

CORBA Naming Service

- To export a distributed object, a CORBA object server contacts a Naming Service to bind a symbolic name to the object
- The Naming Service maintains a database of names and the objects associated with them.
- The Naming Service resolves an object name returning a reference to the object
- The API for the Naming Service is specified in interfaces defined in IDL





Interoperable Naming Service

- The Interoperable Naming Service (INS) is a URL-based naming system based on the CORBA Naming Service
- It allows applications to share a common initial naming context and provide a URL to access a CORBA object

CORBA Object Services

CORBA specifies services commonly needed in distributed applications

- Naming Service
- Concurrency Service
- Event Service
- Logging Service
- Scheduling Service
- Security Service
- Trading Service: for locating a service by the type (instead of by name)
- Time Service: a service for time-related events
- Notification Service
- Object Transaction Service





The Portable Object Adapter

- There are different types of CORBA object adapters.
- The Portable Object Adapter, or POA, is a particular type of object adapter that is defined by the CORBA specification
- An object adapter that is a POA allows an object implementation to function with different ORBs



Java IDL – Java's CORBA facility

- IDL is part of the Java 2 Platform
- The Java IDL facility includes a CORBA Object Request Broker (ORB), an IDL-to-Java compiler, and a subset of CORBA standard services
- Java also provides a number of CORBAcompliant facilities, including *RMI over IIOP*, which allows a CORBA application to be written using the RMI syntax and semantics











Hello.java

The signature interface file combines the characteristics of the Java operations interface (HelloOperations.java) with the characteristics of the CORBA classes that it extends (org.omg.CORBA.Object, org.omg.CORBA.portable.IDLEntity)



- The Java class HelloHelper provides auxiliary functionality needed to support a CORBA object in the context of the Java language
- In particular, a method, *narrow*, allows a CORBA object reference to be cast to its corresponding type in Java, so that a CORBA object may be operated on using syntax for Java object

_HelloStub.java

The Java class _HelloStub is the stub file, which interfaces with the client object

It extends

org.omg.CORBA.portable.ObjectImpl and implements the *Hello.java* interface

HelloPOA.java, the server skeleton

The Java class HelloImpIPOA is the skeleton combined with the portable object adapter



The servant
<pre>import org.omg.CosNaming.*; import org.omg.CORBA.ORB;</pre>
class HelloImpl extends HelloPOA { private ORB orb;
<pre>public void setORB(ORB _orb) { orb = _orb; }</pre>
<pre>public String sayHello() { return "Hello world !! "; }</pre>
<pre>public void shutdown() { orb.shutdown(false); } }</pre>

The server /1

```
import org.omg.CosNaming.*;
import org.omg.CORBA.ORB;
import org.omg.PortableServer.*;
public class HelloServer
{ public static void main(String args[])
      try
  {
      {
            ORB orb = ORB.init(args, null);
            POA rootpoa = (POA)orb.resolve_initial
                  references("RootPOA");
            rootpoa.the POAManager().activate();
            HelloImpl helloImpl = new HelloImpl();
            helloImpl.setORB(orb);
            org.omg.CORBA.Object ref = rootpoa.servant_
                  to reference(helloImpl);
            Hello href = HelloHelper.narrow(ref);
            [...]
```

```
The server /2
  org.omg.CORBA.Object objRef =
     orb.resolve_initial_references("NameService");
  NamingContextExt ncRef =
     NamingContextExtHelper.narrow(objRef);
  String name = "Hello";
  NameComponent path[] = ncRef.to_name( name );
  ncRef.rebind(path, href);
  System.out.println("HelloServer ready
     and waiting ...");
  orb.run();
  }
  catch(Exception e)
     System.out.println(e);
  ł
  ł
} // main
} // class
```



```
The object client /2
import org.omg.CosNaming.*;
import org.omg.CORBA.ORB;
public class HelloClient
{ static Hello helloImpl;
  public static void main(String args[])
  {
     try
      {
           ORB orb = ORB.init(args, null);
            org.omg.CORBA.Object objRef =
           orb.resolve_initial_references(
                  "NameService");
           NamingContextExt ncRef =
                 NamingContextExtHelper.narrow(
                  objRef);
           helloImpl = HelloHelper.narrow(
                 ncRef.resolve_str("Hello"));
            [...]
```





